

FOOD WAVE I PARTNER CARD

REDE DLBC LISBOA

<p>Contacts</p> <p>Team details, job position</p>	<p>Pedro Freire, Rede DLBC Lisboa Board Member, Project Coordinator</p> <p>Rede DLBC Lisboa Board, General Coordination</p> <p>Mourad Ghanem, Rede DLBC Lisboa Staff, Project Manager</p> <p>Ana Henriques, Rede DLBC Lisboa Staff, Administrative and Communication</p>
<p>Official communication references</p> <p>web sites (please specify any specific area concerning food – climate change – youth) & social channels</p>	<p>rededlbclisboa.pt (official institutional website)</p> <p>https://www.facebook.com/rededlbclisboa/ (official Facebook page)</p> <p>a) Until the end of the year, a forum online and possible Facebook and Instagram page could be created, according to the general communication plan of Foodwave;</p> <p>b) A directory of organizations and resources that are part of Rede DLBC Lisboa network will be created until the end of the year, which will be integrated in a subpage of our official institutional page;</p> <p>c) We will start setting collaborations and publication of articles and news regarding these topics with existing prominent organizations and projects in Lisbon, in articulation with the general communication plan.</p>
<p>Local Team</p> <p>Weaknesses & updates about its establishment</p>	<p>The Rede DLBC Lisboa Staff team had previously 3 people, which increased recently to 8 more people, so its integration and learning curve will still be improving in the upcoming months. Also, we moved to a new community centre/social incubator of more than 3.000 square meters in the biggest social housing neighbourhood in Lisbon, whose facilities allows us to work within our premises many of the activities that were planned previously, keeping the initial planning of having two phases:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Testing models and activities to create scalability for Lisbon; 2) Upscaling activities and support thematic activation of our communication within the whole 200 member network and partner institutions. <p>Also, we will identify and boost all communication efforts regarding existing organizations and projects to disseminate the change of mindset that Foodwave wants to promote.</p>
<p>Budget</p> <p>Total euros</p> <p>Of which:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Subtot Pillar 1 - Subtot Pillar 2 - Subtot Pillar 3 	<p>Total Budget of 184.853,20 euros, of which 90.610 euros are for coordination and operational costs, 82.060 euros in activities and 12.093,20 euros in indirect costs.</p> <p>Activities</p> <p>Pillar I - 6.000 euros / Pillar II - 60.560 euros / Pillar III - 15.500 euros</p> <p>Additional co-funding or synergies could be provided to boost our activities, not only from European funding applications, but also from within the network through projects being developed by our members regarding these thematic areas or internal funding resources.</p>
<p>Administrative issues</p> <p>Strengths - Weaknesses & updates e.g.: receipt of PA e annexes – Interim Report Partner's changes</p>	<p>We're establishing at these moment our operations in a new community center/social incubator and our added staff members, which will imply better conditions to boost activities and offer resources to all our network organizations to support the actions of Foodwave, which was based initially on collaborations with some members of our CLLD (Community Led-Local Development) network. However, this also means we need time to settle in, create stronger local based relationships with the neighbourhood organizations and we're basically starting everything from scratch, due mostly to the COVID-19 pandemic situation and re-centering of our strategy to support the activities of our community center and relationship with the neighbourhood.</p>
<p>Intervention period in the project</p> <p>It is useful to link this point to the partner GANTT to well define all the activities to implement</p>	<p>Preparation and redesign of our activities to center their core actions in our new community center/social incubator, based on grass root initiatives and organizations of the Rede DLBC Lisboa. A preview work was done already to surface activities and organizations in Lisbon which are aligned with our purposes, but we're developing a structured dialogue intervention with all our members, despite the pandemic situation, to identify and boost existing activities that allow us to support our Foodwave initiatives.</p>
<p>Context</p> <p>CSOs linked:</p> <p>N. inhabitants</p> <p>Networks</p> <p>Food policy</p> <p>Air and Climate Change policy</p> <p>Local Forum</p>	<p>CSOs linked</p> <p>200 entities</p> <hr/> <p>N. inhabitants</p> <p>509.515 inhabitants in Lisbon and 2.494.179 inhabitants in Lisbon Metropolitan Area.</p>

Networks

As Rede DLBC Lisboa is a Community Led-Local Development network with a bottom-up approach, it comprises several kind of organizations within like Lisbon municipality, local public authorities, foundations, non-profit organizations, federations, co-ops and other existing networks in Lisbon which are co-designing and working together to shape the future local development policies within this larger forum. Basically, we're a network of local networks and neighbourhoods, which offers a greater chance to engage all those beneficiaries that Foodwave wants to reach.

Food policy

Lisbon Food Policy comes from a political process coming from within the Lisbon Municipality Assembly since 2009 to create a Municipal Commission to fight off Food Waste, which was finally implemented in 2014. The strategy is to support and leverage the actual dozens of entities that work in these fields coming from citizen initiatives in Lisbon to create an effective network of collection and distribution of recovered meals for the most needed families. It's strategy is to be the first city in the world to create an effective network like this, supported through the social affairs of the municipality and civic society. Main results are the Observatory for Food Waste and Municipal Plan to fight off food waste. The strategic areas are in Health safety, Volunteering, Collection and distribution management, Network structure and Awareness. Main actors are the local public authorities, church and more than 20 NGOs coming from the civic sector. The biggest strengths come from the large number of volunteers and civic organizations motivated for this purpose and number of collected food, while the biggest problems come from the reliability and identification of data coming from needed families and the improvement of the efficiency the food collected without creating more waste around it. The future development is to create a lean and efficient network for the whole territory of Lisbon to fight off food waste and reach out to all those that are in real need of this support.

Air and Climate Change policy

Since 2012, within the Lisbon Municipal Director Plan a policy chapter regarding climate change was established based on the assumption of adapting "measures and initiatives to reduce the vulnerability of human and natural systems against the effects of climate change, effective or expected" and mitigating effects through "technological changes that reduce the applied resources and emissions for unit produced and the establishment of policies to reduce greenhouse effects caused by gas emissions and water drainage", which was formalized in 2017.

The strategy is based on the capacity of coordination of the Municipal Civic Protection Service to attend, manage and deal with the planning and prevention of disaster climate risk, the participation on several international networks, projects and is integrated in the global strategy for Lisbon.

The action areas for this Climate Change Municipal Plan are in: a) Adapting the city for climate change to optimize water usage and adapt the territory for heat conditions; b) Promote an intelligent and integrated management for a more resilient city; c) Involve the community for a more participated citizenship and promote a collective capacity building for all city actors.. All these actions are articulated and strengthened in the partnerships between entities and public and private organisms responsible for the city's management.

All the previewed scenarios for Lisbon point out for less annual precipitation regarding the number of days, more frequency of strong wind and rainy days, as well as an increase of temperatures during Autumn and frequency of heat waves. This will mean that there will be a greater soil impermeabilization, more greenhouse gas emissions, greater soil roughness, diminishing of "open sky proportion" and greater risks coming from these 3 factors: population ageing, low economic resources and an obsolete and unprepared housing stock.

The municipality was able to engage and manage extreme situations with good action responses through the Civic Protection, Fireman Corporations, Municipal Police and Florestal Police as well as all the Municipal departments transversally without any major occurrences in the last 5 years and with several pilot tests regarding their capability.

Future developments inside the Climate Change Municipal Plan are the integration of Climate Change directives in Lisbon's urban planning, urban management decisions and response capacity.

Local Forum

One of the main activities that will be done during the duration of the Foodwave project is to develop a thematic local forum within the work of the already existing Lisbon local development strategy BIP-ZIP that

	<p>is focused on social and economic deprived neighbourhoods and recognized as a good practice by Urbact regarding an integrated governance model approach.</p> <p>The BIP-ZIP program is a local development strategy for neighbourhoods and areas for priority interventions which provides the city of Lisbon with a range of integrated toolbox based on a co-governance process. It organises and brings together a bottom-up participatory perspective that ensures a horizontal and collaborative local approach, to decrease and mitigate social, economic, environmental and urban exclusion and enhance social territorial cohesion. The tools used vary from neighbourhood mapping, a Local Partnerships Program funding local projects to a bottom-up co-governance model to promote employment, education and social-territorial cohesion.</p> <p>In order to deepen this existing strategy, the Lisbon CLLD network will foster new dynamics and activities with its members to support a grass root local development policy, centered in the first 2 years on its intervention within the biggest social housing neighbourhood of Lisbon and its resource center and supporting the local ecosystem, as well as identify possible synergies to boost its intervention within the Lisbon region and help shape the future format of CLLD networks in Europe.</p> <hr/> <p>Youth initiatives</p> <p>The Lisbon Municipality doesn't have an integrated youth policy. However, there are several organizations, national public authorities and networks within Lisbon that have been co-designing some transversal initiatives or strategies for Youth Work.</p> <p>The closest approach possible is to evaluate what has been discussed within the strategic framework of the Social Development Plan 2017-2020 from the Lisbon Social Network, with 425 partners that is managed by the Lisbon Municipality and overall policies coming from the Social Affairs Department. This participatory reflection was carried out within this network in the strategic axis "Childhood, Youth and Family".</p> <p>These are the Actions and Reflection issues debated and put into the Social Development Plan:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. How to ensure timely detection and protection of children? 2. How to strengthen parental skills in the family? 3. How to combat school drop-out and failure of children and young people? 4. How to deal with unoccupied young people, not included in the education system or in the labor market or training? 5. How to prevent risky behavior in children and young people? <p>As a result of this process a Strategic Letter was drawn for the children of Lisbon through the articulation of policies targeting children and youth to promote the implementation of local intervention systems for families to ensure a greater child and youth protection in each territory; improve and broaden the parental skills intervention; strengthen and expand development programs and projects for child and youth personal and social competences; promote the adoption by city organizations of good practices regarding children rights'; improve safety conditions of children in territories surrounding schools and neighborhoods; increase the interventions' know-how developed in non-formal contexts and leisure; and diversify methodologies and approaches through a participatory process with children, youth and their families.</p>
<p>Know how</p> <p>Particular expertise, tools and actions that bring into the project (to specify in which Pillar and thematic area)</p> <p>E.g. methodological expertise – research expertise – project or action innovation</p>	<p>Knowing the existing background in Lisbon regarding urban planning and green ecosystems after the 2nd World War, the focus has been on a more aesthetic approach than ethical one. We're able to identify the need to support a reconversion in local neighbourhoods to short economic cycles, edible local food and greater efficiency on the usage of all available resources.</p> <p>We were also able to identify, within a first institutional survey done to check possible know-how that we could add to the Foodwave project, the following projects and initiatives to boost Foodwave activities:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a) Agroforest school - pillar 1 and 2 b) Local neighbourhood incubator in Bairro 2 de Maio - pillar 2 c) Popular Kitchen in Mouraria (experimental kitchen lab) - pillar 2 d) Tactical Urban manual - pillar 1 e) Facilitation tools and games for local development - pillar 1 and 2 f) Training courses and contents regarding ecology and territorial development - pillar 1, 2 and 3 g) Multicultural gastronomy in order to improve food consumption habits - pillar 1, 2 and 3 h) Food relief efforts and coordination with Lisbon Food Bank - pillar 2 and 3 i) "Muita Fruta" project to reuse disposable fruit - pillar 1 and 2 j) National directory of food and climate change projects, methodologies and tools within ANIMAR, a federation of rural action local groups in Portugal - pillar 1 and 3 <p>We recognize even more possibilities and projects that could have an impact in the Foodwave framework that continue to work until the end of the year to include in our structured dialogue with our members and stakeholders.</p>
<p>Pillar 1</p> <p>List of Activities to be implemented</p>	<p>Previous activities are being redesigned until the end of this year to recenter the core of the activities within the new community center/social incubator activities and working on a structured dialogue process with our more than 200 existing members. The activities presented in this pillar were:</p> <p>1.1.2. Involve target youth online and offline</p>

<p>Strengths - Weaknesses & updates about methodology, contents, planned actions and targets (n° of Youth and age group involved in each action)</p>	<p>Anti-Waste and Veggie cooking workshops in schools, holding a series of cooking workshops in schools with the goal of engaging students and transmit sustainable food production and consumption techniques.</p>
<p>Pillar 2 List of Activities to be implemented Strengths - Weaknesses & updates about methodology, contents, planned actions and targets (n° of Youth and age group involved in each action)</p>	<p>Previous activities are being redesigned until the end of this year to recenter the core of the activities within the new community center activities and working on a structured dialogue process with our more than 200 existing members. The activities presented in this pillar were:</p> <p>2.1.1 - Establish Communications & Participation Summer/Winter School for young activists Organize 2 summer schools in 2021 and 2022 to promote awareness sessions to sensitize students and enhance knowledge about sustainable patterns of food consumption and production, making use of board games and other materials developed to that effect.</p> <p>2.1.3. Co-create street actions and campaigning activities with target youth Quinta sem Carne (Meatless Thursday) will be a campaign to encourage schools and universities to cut meat and fish from the canteen menus one day a week, with the goal of reducing young people's meat consumption. Collaborate with schools and universities, providing information and recipes to help them implement meat/fish-free meals once a week.</p> <p>2.2.1. Establish a re-granting scheme for youth organisations and Las Managed by ALDA, we will work closely with the organization within the Committee to promote the sub-granting scheme in Lisbon.</p> <p>2.3.1. Establish online and offline youth participation and discussion platforms Organize meetings with young people in schools, higher education institutions and youth projects, using participatory methods to involve young people in the process of identifying problems regarding food consumption within their communities or institutions with whom they work, and assist them in developing potential solutions to the problems/needs identified.</p>
<p>Pillar 3 List of Activities to be implemented Strengths - Weaknesses & updates about methodology, contents, planned actions and targets (n° of Youth and age group involved in each action)</p>	<p>Previous activities are being redesigned until the end of this year to recenter the core of the activities within the new community center activities and working on a structured dialogue process with our more than 200 existing members.</p> <p>3.1.1. Establish EU network of food influencers Support an online platform for submission of short documentaries (3 to 5 min each) about sustainable food production/consumption solutions/projects and try to engage film festivals (ex: DocLisboa or CineEco) to select and show the best documentaries entered in the contest. The goal is to mobilize young people to search for, learn about and engage with initiatives seeking to change the patterns and behaviours regarding food production and consumption.</p> <p>3.2.1. Develop and deliver a Pan European digital campaign Managed by Action Aid Italy, we will work closely with the organization to promote the digital campaign to raise funds and sponsorships in Lisbon and we will try to connect this work with our current agenda to develop a complementary currency to support local neighbourhoods.</p>
<p>Influencer already engaged to involved in the project Film festival that take place in the area Events related to food and climate change that take place in the area</p>	<p>Not yet involved, we're establishing the main strategies and developing the structured dialogue dynamic within the 200 Rede DLBC Lisboa members to boost activities, using initially our community center to offer a work basis for future upscaling.</p>
<p>Progress Operational updates that cross more than one single Pillar</p>	<p>Waiting for news regarding the implementation of a project with the Portuguese National Tourism Board that is being in the final moment to be adjudicated, that will allow us to develop a test to create an alternative currency based on tourism flows and circular economies to support local deprived neighbourhoods in Lisbon.</p>
<p>Participation to moments of coordination (Es. Consortium meeting, Pillars webinars, call one-to-one with CdM)</p>	<p>We've been taking part in most of the Foodwave coordination moments, however we're still shaping our Staff Team and internal organization to our recent institutional changes to better respond to the needs of the Foodwave project and our intentions to create a bottom-up approach to support the Foodwave project.</p>
<p>Global Shapers Presence of an hub in the city/area</p>	<p>We have several organizations with impact in these areas in Lisbon, but we haven't yet established contacts to work with them, due mostly to the recent institutional changes and the actual pandemic situation</p>
<p>Erasmus Student network presence of a Branch in the city/area, local or national management to make a connection</p>	<p>We have several Erasmus Student networks in Lisbon, but we haven't yet established contacts to work with them, due mostly to the recent institutional changes and the actual pandemic situation</p>

Other youth networks

Interesting local realities to involve/engage

We have identified several organizations and projects within and outside of our CLLD network in the Lisbon region, but we haven't yet established contacts to work with them, due mostly to the recent institutional changes and the actual pandemic situation